RUPRI Center for Rural Health Policy Analysis Rural Data Update

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http://www.public-health.uiowa.edu/rupri/

County-Level 14-Day COVID-19 Case Trajectories

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Background

This document updates maps and tables for the Rural Data Brief "County-Level 14-Day COVID-19 Case Trajectories" (https://ruprihealth.org/publications/policybriefs/2020/County COVID Trajectories.pdf). This data brief looks at the new case counts in every US county between June 21, 2020, and July 4, 2020, to quantitatively evaluate 14-day trends in metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, and noncore counties. Previous versions of this document can be found at: https://ruprihealth.org/publications/policybriefs/2020/COVID_Projects.html

Data on confirmed COVID-19 cases were obtained from USAFacts.org¹. The number of cases in each county was aggregated for each week in the two-week period, and the totals for each week were compared. To minimize the impact of counties with very minor real variation in weekly counts, those with a change in case count of two or fewer (either increase or decrease) were coded as "Same number, both weeks." Counties that saw more than a 25 percent increase or decrease in number of cases between the weeks were labelled "notable" (including counties that went from 3 or more to none [notable decrease] and counties that went from none to 3 or more [notable increase]). Counties in the 50 states and the District of Columbia were classified as metropolitan, nonmetropolitan, or noncore based on Urban Influence Codes².

Table 1. 14-day trends^a in newly confirmed COVID-19 cases, by county geography: 6/21/2020 – 7/4/2020

		Metropolitan (n = 1,166)		Nonmetropolitan (n = 641)		Noncore (n = 1,335)	
No cases reported	10	(0.9%)	19	(3.0%)	266	(19.9%)	
Decreasing, notable ^b	134	(11.5%)	107	(16.7%)	168	(12.6%)	
Decreasing, not notable	104	(8.9%)	38	(5.9%)	34	(2.5%)	
Same number, both weeks ^c	213	(18.3%)	177	(27.6%)	504	(37.8%)	
Increasing, not notable	137	(11.7%)	28	(4.4%)	21	(1.6%)	
Increasing, notable	568	(48.7%)	272	(42.4%)	342	(25.6%)	

Table 2. 14-day trends^a in newly confirmed COVID-19 cases, in counties with any cases, by county geography: 6/21/2020 – 7/4/2020

	Metropolitan		Nonmetropolitan		Noncore	
	(n = 1,156)	of 1,166)	(n = 62	2 of 641)	(n = 1,06)	59 of 1,335)
Any decrease	238	(20.6%)	145	(23.3%)	202	(18.9%)
Notable decrease ^b	134	(11.6%)	107	(17.2%)	168	(15.7%)
Same number, both weeks ^c	213	(18.4%)	177	(28.5%)	504	(47.1%)
Any increase	705	(61.0%)	300	(48.2%)	363	(34.0%)
Notable increase ^b	568	(49.1%)	272	(43.7%)	342	(32.0%)
Increase of 100% or more	242	(20.9%)	152	(24.4%)	250	(23.4%)

^aComparison of number of new cases in first week of 14-day period with new cases in second week.

^b"Notable" trends indicate weekly changes in new cases exceeding (either increasing or decreasing) 25 percent. ^cIncludes counties with an absolute change in count of two or fewer.



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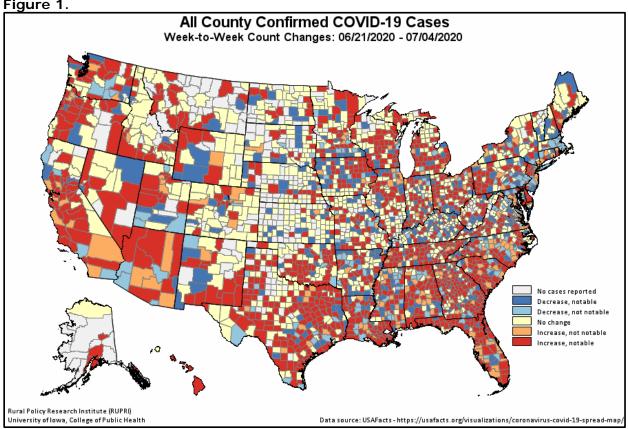
#1U1GRH07633 and #U1C RH20419. The information, conclusions and opinions expressed in this policy brief are those of the authors and no endorsement by FORHP, HRSA, HHS is intended or should be inferred.



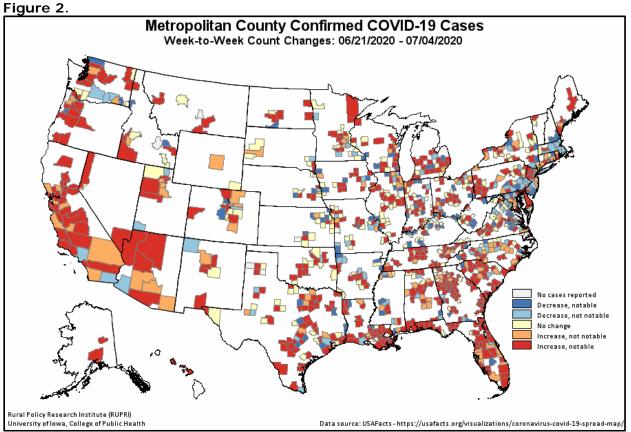
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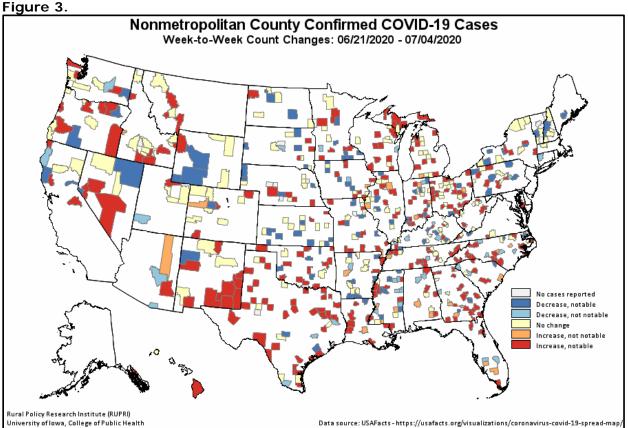
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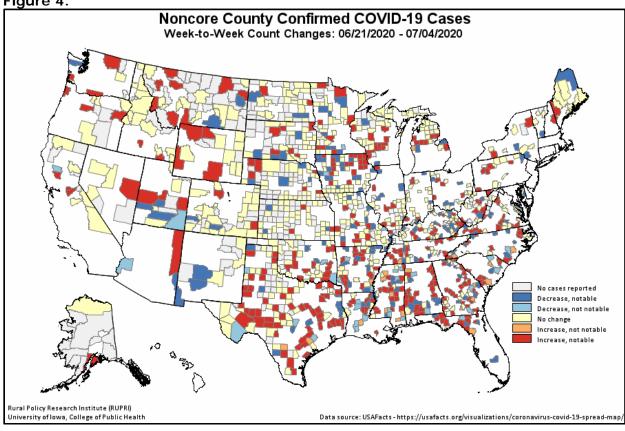












¹ USAFacts.org (2020). "Coronavirus Locations: COVID-19 Map by County and State." Data retrieved from https://usafacts.org/visualizations/coronavirus-covid-19-spread-map/.

2 U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service (2019). "Urban Influence Codes." Retrieved May 20, 2020 from

https://www.ers.usda.gov/data-products/urban-influence-codes/.